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MISCELLANEA.

At Eastchurch, during the course of some alterations in the Parsonage Farm, as we are kindly informed by the Rev. R. H. Dickson, two handsome chimney-pieces of stone have been brought to light. They are carved with figures of birds, fruit, and flowers, around a central shield of arms, on which the Livesey coat (a lion rampant between three trefoils) impales that of Sondes (on a chevron three negroes' heads). This represents the arms of Gabriel Livesey, of Hollingbourne and Eastchurch, after his marriage to his second wife, Anne daughter of Sir Michael Sondes. Gabriel Livesey died on the 18th of March, 1622, and left a son and heir who, being created a baronet, July 11th, 1627, was known as Sir Michael Livesey of Eastchurch. He was one of the Regicides. The Parsonage House, in which he resided, must have been built by his father before 1622, when he died.

At Whitehall, near Canterbury, some rare Roman gold coins of Gallienus have been found, at various times during the past few years. Whitehall is a piece of land which lies above the Chatham and Dover railway, on the brow of a hill just within the southern boundary of Harbledown parish, next Thanington. Upon it a plantation of strawberries has lately been formed. Mr. Brent believes that the Romans had a camp at Whitehall.

While excavating for the new Canterbury Baths, the contractor found much timber in the ground. The site is outside

the city, towards the west-by-south-west, on the north side of the Chatham and Dover railway, in low ground beside the Stour. It has been suggested that the Romans may have had a bridge across the river at that point. But Mr. Brent says that millstones were found, with the timber; and he inclines to the belief that the Romans had a mill at this point.

A fine neolithic celt was lately discovered, in the soil beneath the floor of Rodmersham Church. It is preserved in the Museum of Mr George Payne, junior.

~~ERRATA (VOL. XI).~~

- ~~Page 42, line 8, for "hexagonal," read "octagonal."~~
~~Page 43, line 10, for "two Decorated windows," read "a Decorated window."~~
~~Page 53, line 10, for "12 Hen. III," read "10 Hen. III."~~
~~Page 81, in the pedigree note, for "John, 1299-1303," read "John, 1299-1300."~~
~~Page 85, line 28, for "Pl. 1," read "Pl. 3."~~
~~Page 86, line 28, for "Pl. 2," read "Pl. 4."~~
~~Page 90, line 32, for "Pl. 1," read Pl. 2."~~
~~Page 123, line 12, for "1252," read "1251."~~
~~Page 134, line 14, for "Knouweth," read "Knouwyth."~~
~~Page 320, line 37, for "Hochfeld," read "Hoethfeld."~~
~~Page 334, line 32, for "Handle," read "Haudlo."~~
~~Page 337, line 16, for "Hanlo," read "Haulo."~~
~~Page 340, line 30, for "Moreworth," read "Mereworth."~~